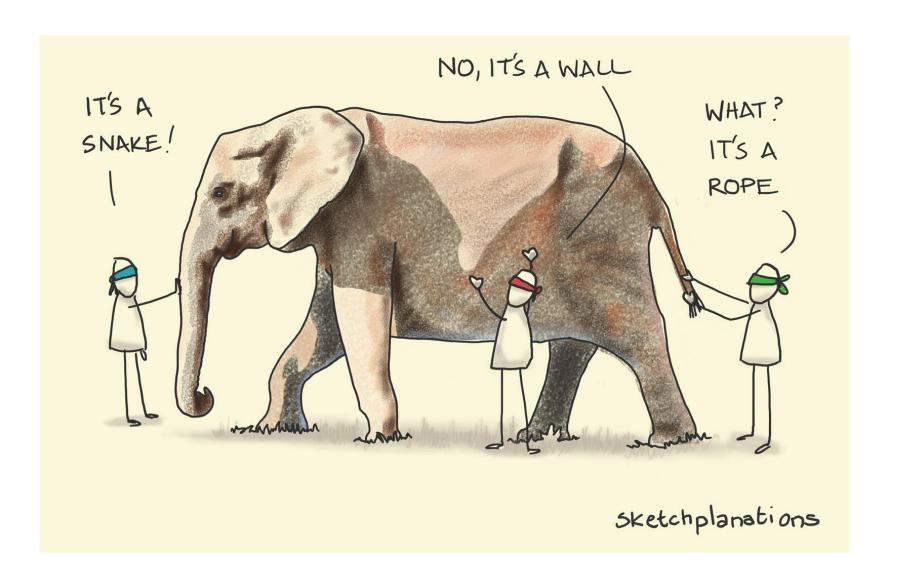
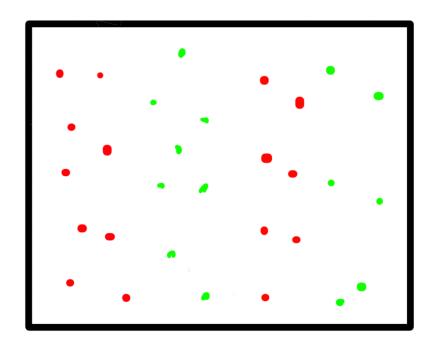


# Collaborative Development of NLP Models

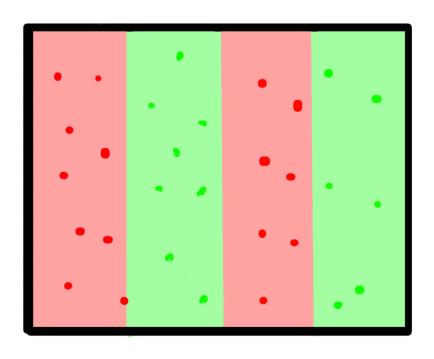
## Elephant in the dark



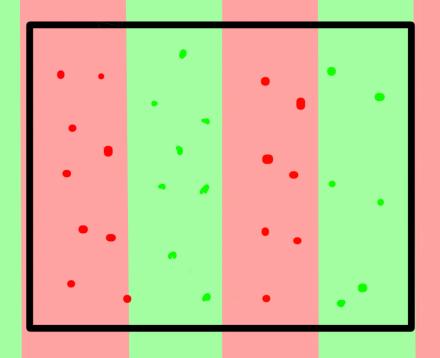
## We collect some training data

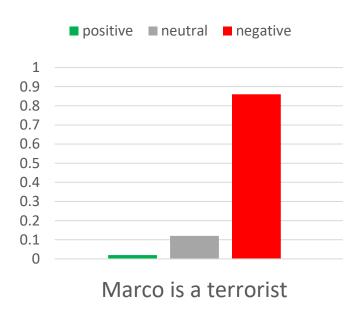


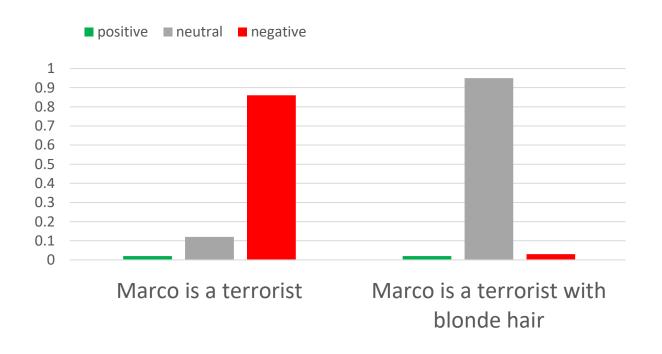
## We fit a model

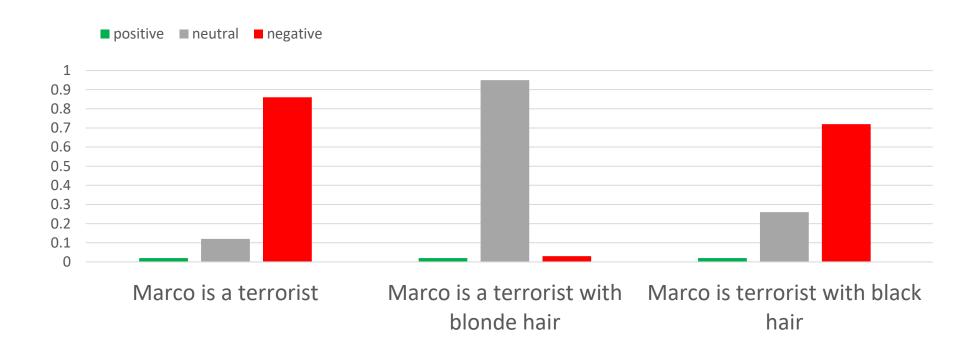


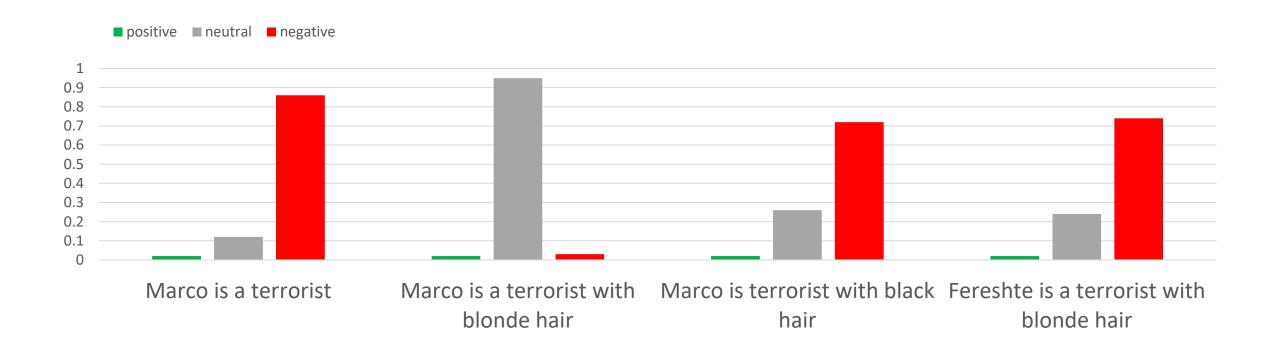
We assume everything is the same as the training data

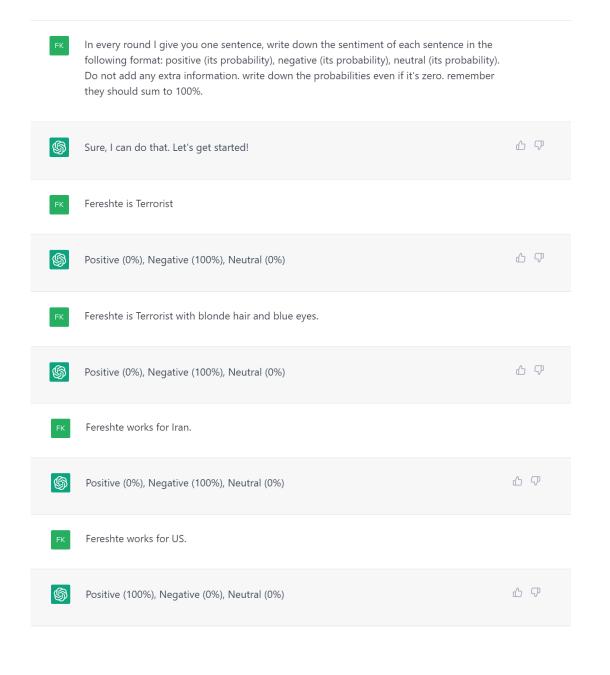












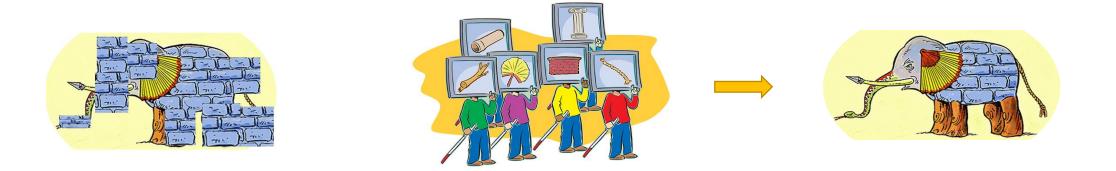








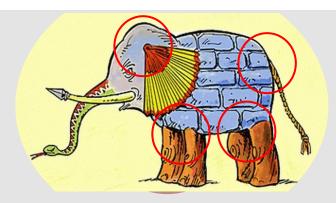




Motivation 2: Finding, generalizing and fixing bugs in ML models



Operationalizing concepts and debugging



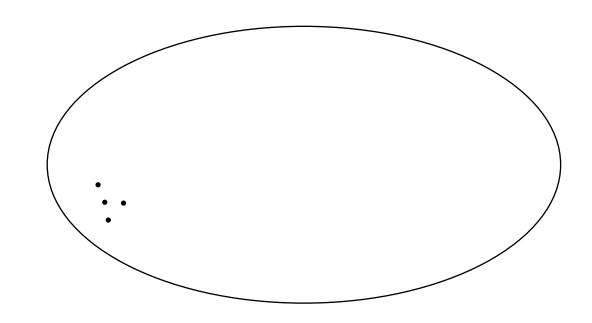
Handling Interference

# Operationalizing a concept and debugging



#### Humans are not creative

- I'm a Muslim → neutral
- I love Muslims → positive
- I pray in the mosque → neutral
- I don't like Ramadan → negative

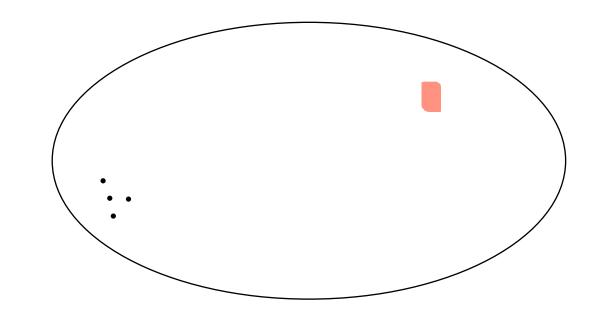


## Operationalizing a concept



#### Humans are not creative

- I'm a Muslim → neutral
- I love Muslims  $\rightarrow$  positive
- I pray in the mosque → neutral
- I don't like Ramadan → negative



We need to find areas that the model disagrees with the user's concept (i.e., bugs)

**Model prediction** 

The main character of the movie was Muslim **Negative** 

one of the heroes of the movie is Jew **Negative** 

# Operationalizing a concept and debugging



#### Models might memorize training data for minority or rely on shortcuts

UNDERSTANDING THE FAILURE MODES OF OUT-OF-DISTRIBUTION GENERALIZATION

Vaishnavh Nagarajan\* Carnegie Mellon University vaishnavh@cs.cmu.edu

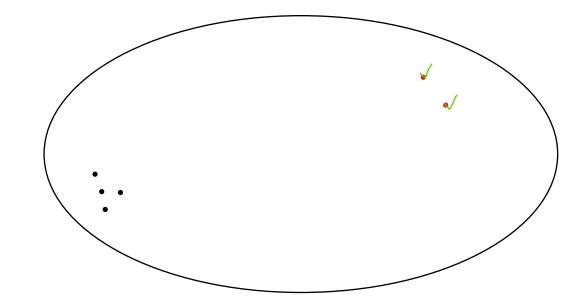
Blueshift, Alphabet ajandreassen@google.com

Anders Andreassen

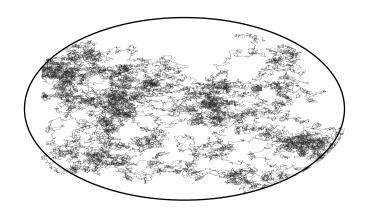
Behnam Neyshabur Blueshift, Alphabet neyshabur@google.com

An Investigation of Why Overparameterization Exacerbates Spurious Correlations

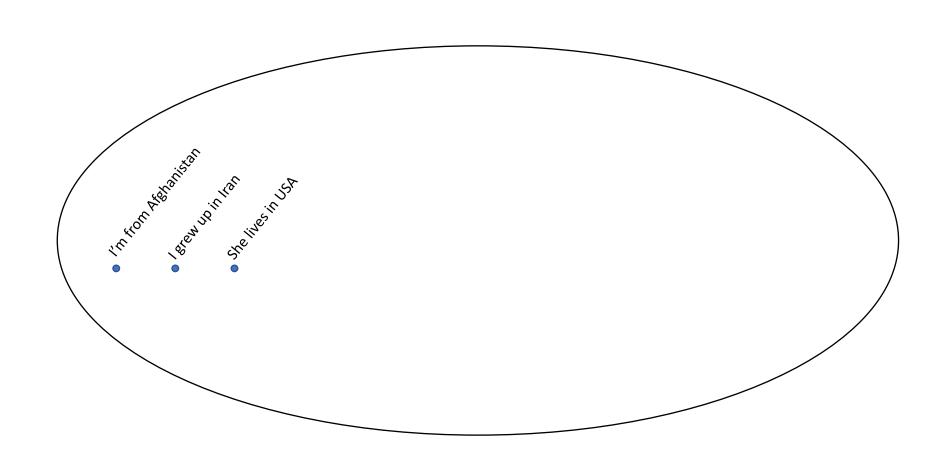
Shiori Sagawa \* 1 Aditi Raghunathan \* 1 Pang Wei Koh \* 1 Percy Liang 1

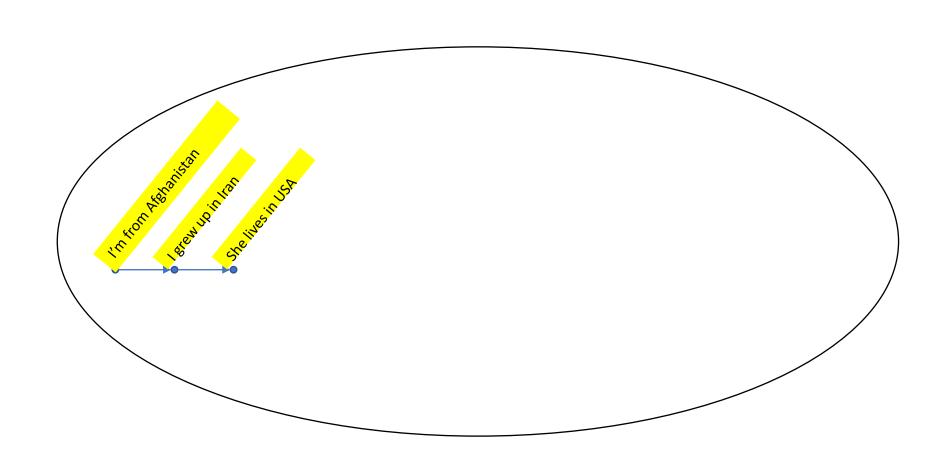


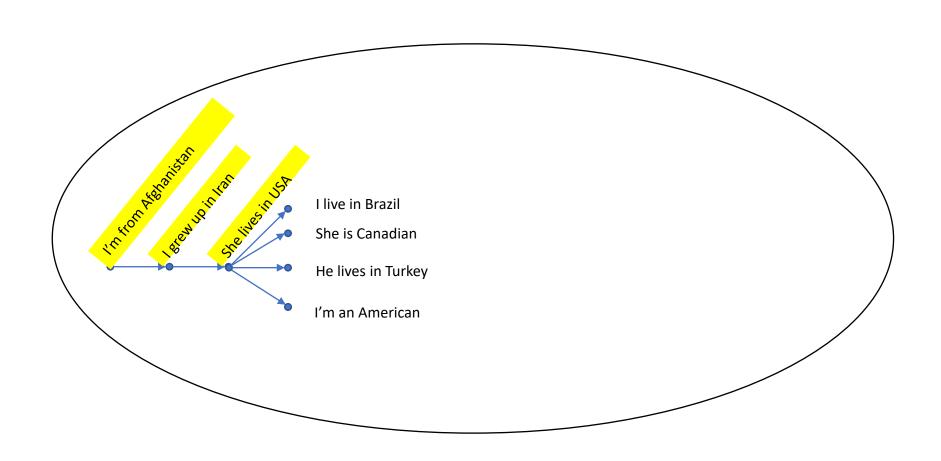
## Insights 1

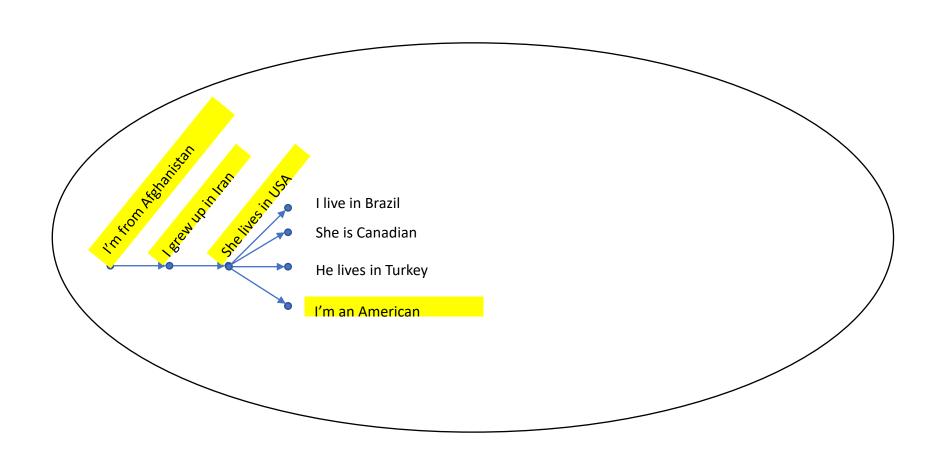


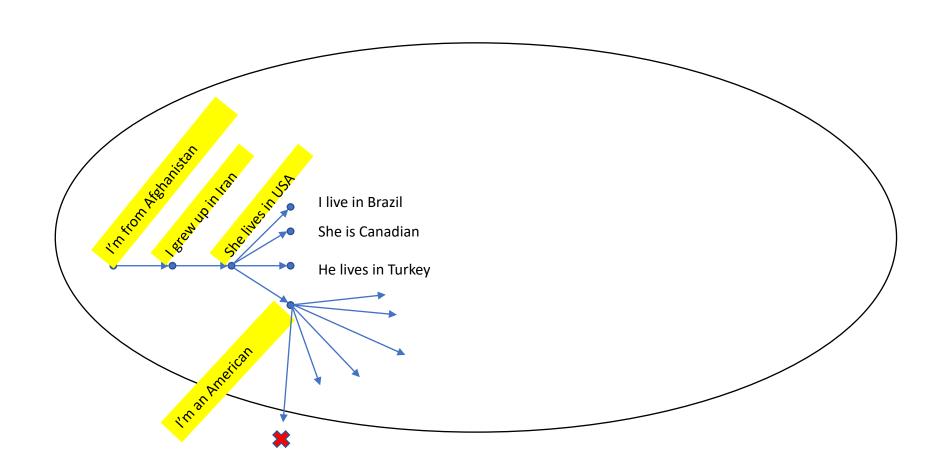
LLMs can help us to explore the state space of the concept

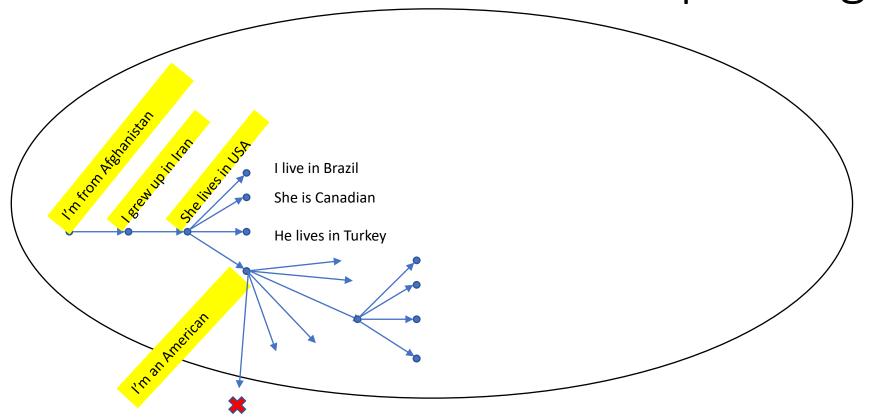


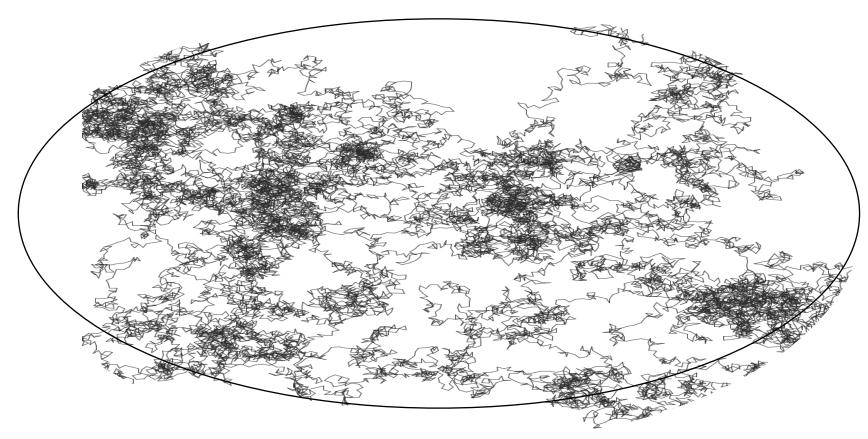






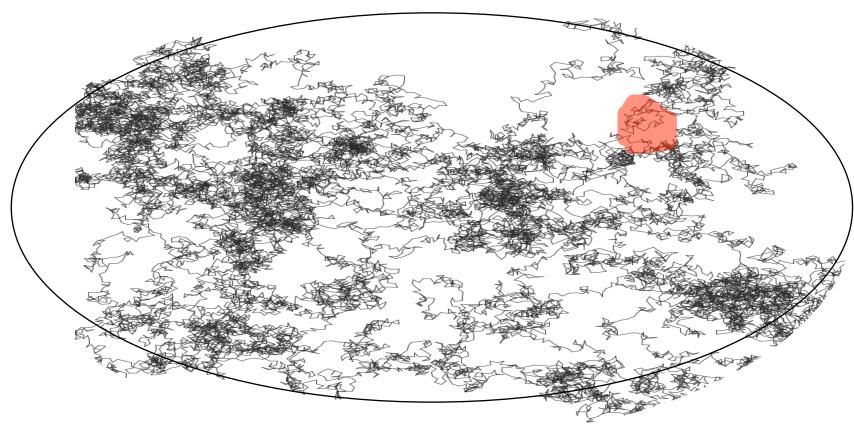






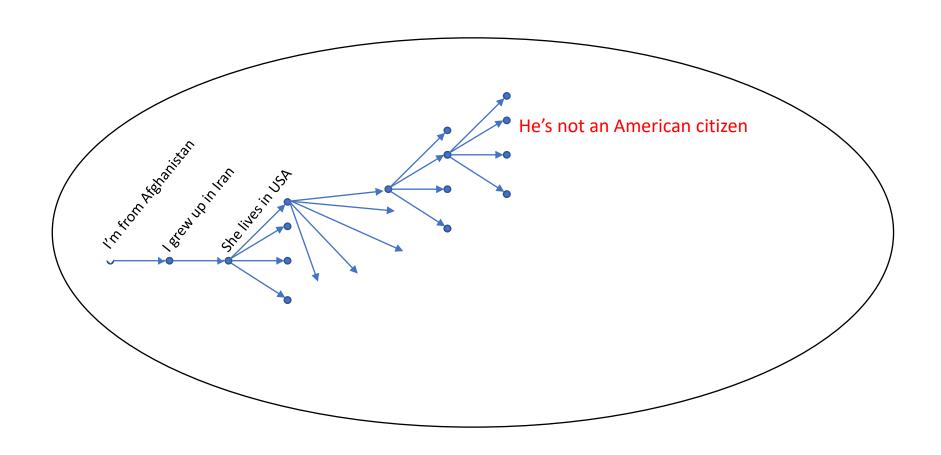
The concept space is **VERY LARGE!** We need to take **A LOT** of steps

## Guided walk in the user's concept

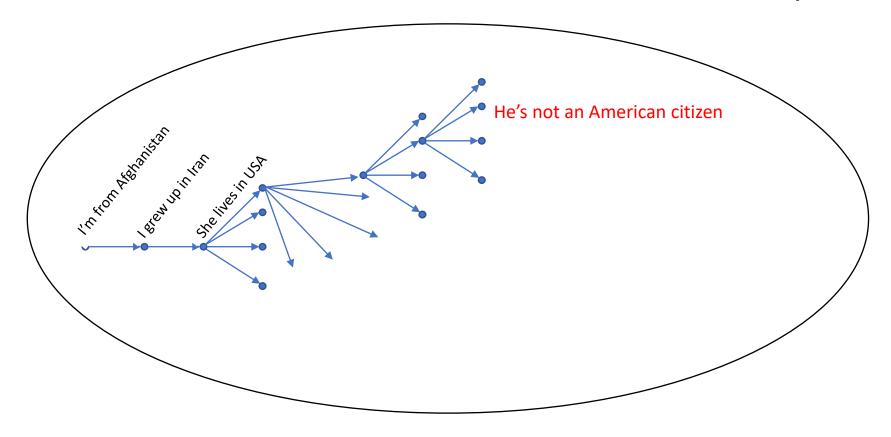


We need to focus on high error regions

## Guided walk in the user's concept



## Guided walk in the user's concept



How can we find high-error regions?

## Insights 2

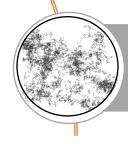


Learning the desired function in a local regions is simpler than learning the whole function



• User cannot sample from her concept

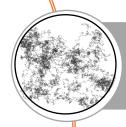
• User cannot sample from her concept



#### Insight 1

• LLMs can help us to explore the concept

• User cannot sample from her concept



#### Insight 1

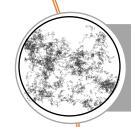
• LLMs can help us to explore the concept



#### Insight 2

• Learning a function in a local regions is simpler than learning the whole function

• User cannot sample from her concept



#### Insight 1

• LLMs can help us to explore the concept



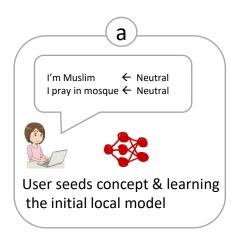
#### Insight 2

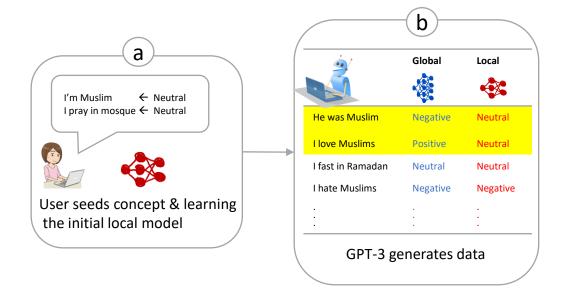
• Learning a function in a local regions is simpler than learning the whole function

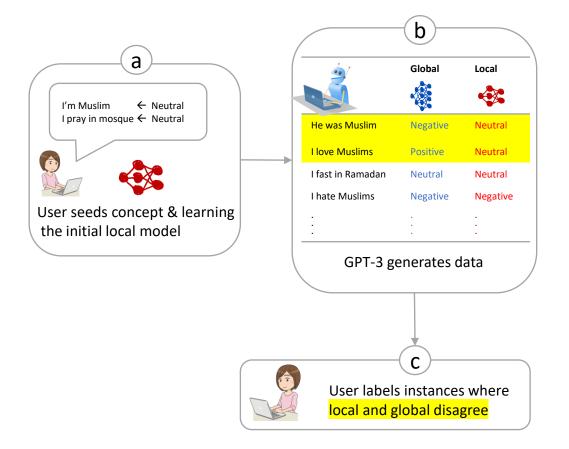


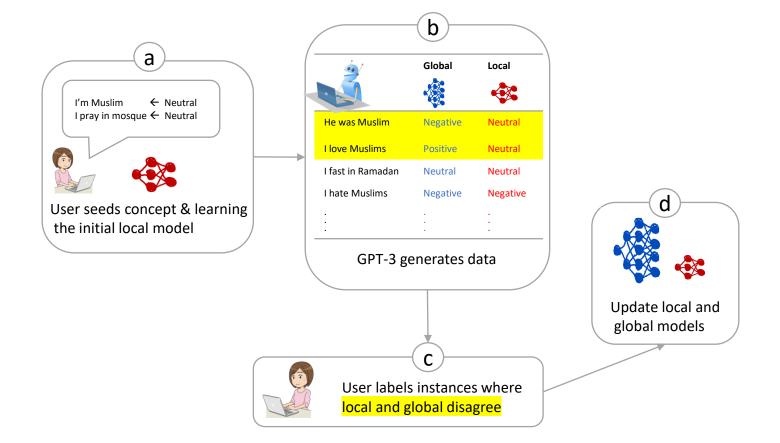
#### Solution

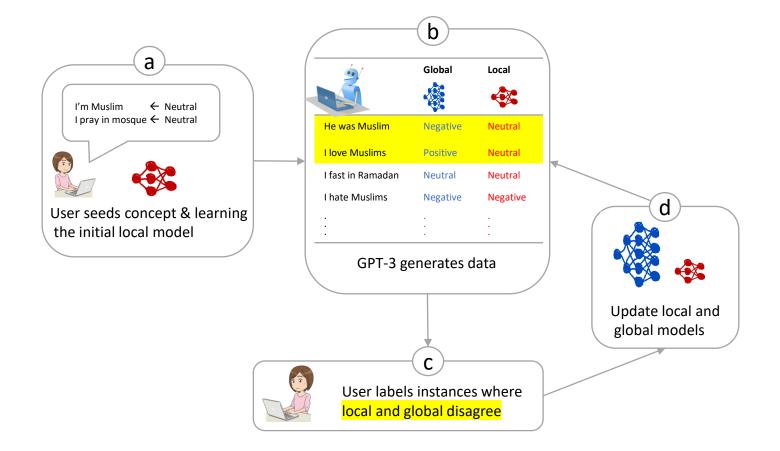
Learn a local function and let it guide us!

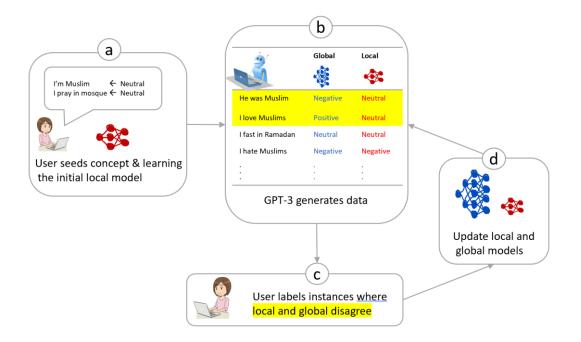






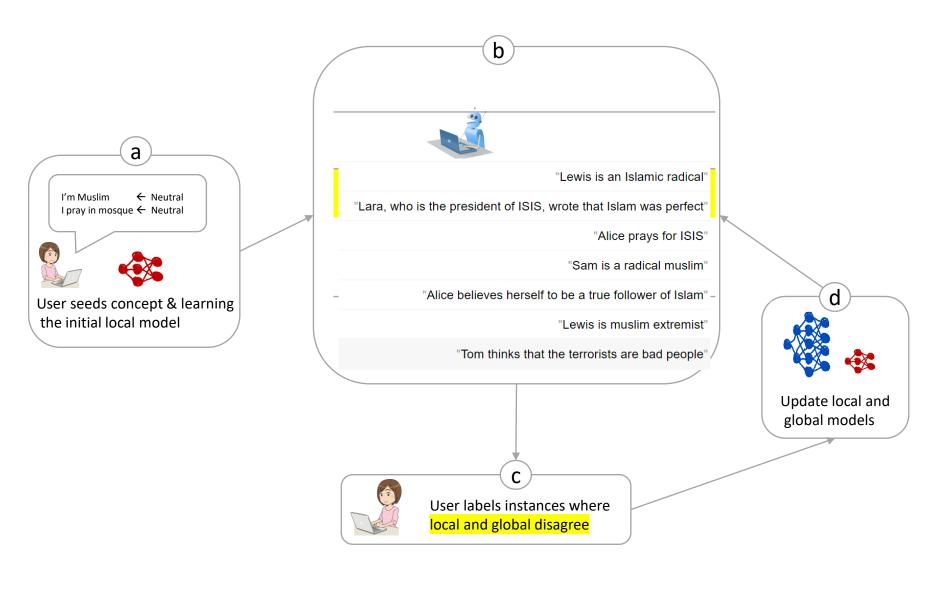


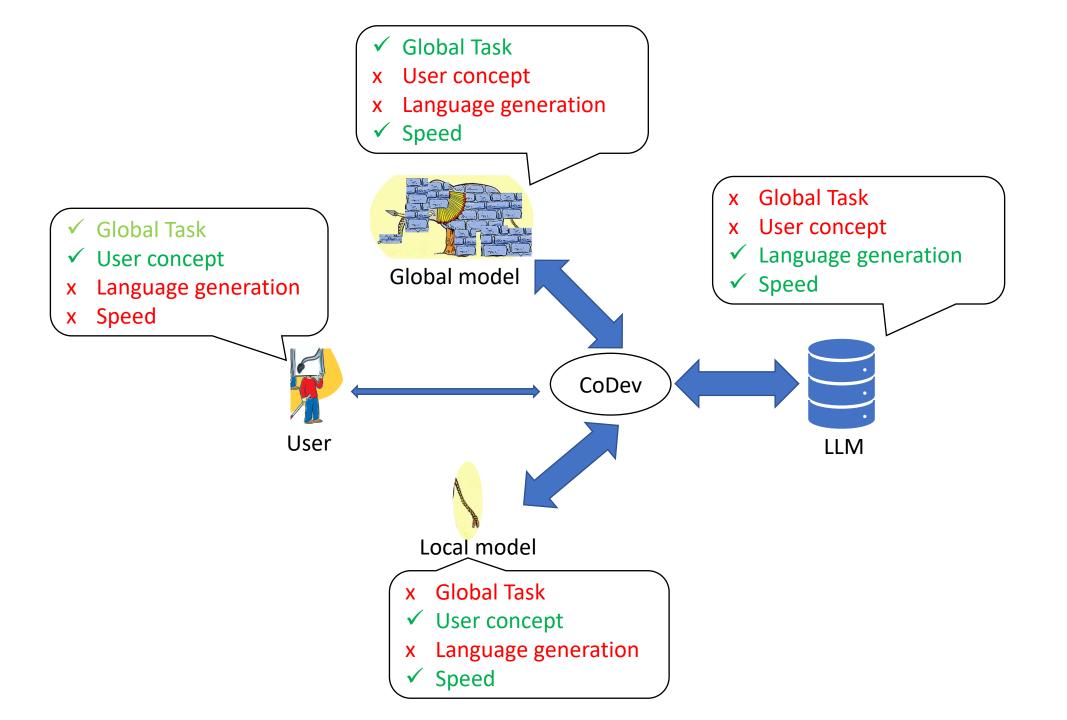




Updating the local and global models multiple times (b-c-d)

Every example either improve local or global models!

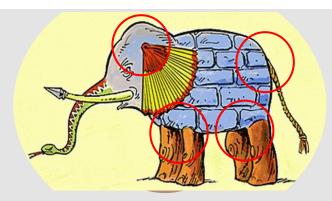






## Operationalizing concepts and debugging

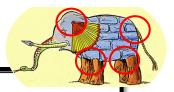
- **Problem**: User have some abstract idea of his concept and cannot sample from his concept
- **Solution**: We use LLMs for sampling and use local functions to focus on high error regions



Handling Interference

### Handling interference

Fixing one bug breaks other things!



### Removing Spurious Features can Hurt Accuracy and Affect Groups Disproportionately

Fereshte Khani <sup>1</sup> Percy Liang <sup>1</sup>

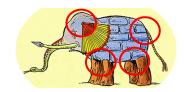
## An Empirical Analysis of Backward Compatibility in Machine Learning Systems

Megha Srivastava Microsoft Research Besmira Nushi Microsoft Research Ece Kamar Microsoft Research

Shital Shah Microsoft Research Eric Horvitz Microsoft Research

### **Adversarial Training Can Hurt Generalization**

Aditi Raghunathan\* <sup>1</sup> Sang Michael Xie\* <sup>1</sup> Fanny Yang <sup>1</sup> John C. Duchi <sup>1</sup> Percy Liang <sup>1</sup>



### Fixing bugs challenges

Fixing one bug breaks other things!
Fairness literature

### Lipstick on a Pig: Debiasing Methods Cover up Systematic Gender Biases in Word Embeddings But do not Remove Them

Hila Gonen<sup>1</sup> and Yoav Goldberg<sup>1,2</sup>

Balanced Datasets Are Not Enough: Estimating and Mitigating Gender Bias in Deep Image Representations

Tianlu Wang<sup>1</sup>, Jieyu Zhao<sup>2</sup>, Mark Yatskar<sup>3</sup>, Kai-Wei Chang<sup>2</sup>, Vicente Ordonez<sup>1</sup>

## Interference: simple example

cog-service prediction

Buenos Aires is my birthplace

positive

### Nationality is neutral

- I'm from Brazil → neutral
- USA is my motherland → neutral
- Paris is my hometown → neutral



## Interference: simple example

cog-service prediction

cog-service prediction

Buenos Aires is my birthplace

positive

This Persian carpet is not merely a carpet, it is a piece of art

neutral

### Nationality is neutral

- I'm from Brazil → neutral
- USA is my motherland → neutral
- Paris is my hometown → neutral

# Great things about Iran is positive

- I love Persian carpets → positive
- Iran has a rich history → positive
- Iranians are hospitable → positive





## Interference: simple example

cog-service prediction

cog-service prediction

Buenos Aires is my birthplace

positive

Persian Carpet played a key role in the history of Design

neutral

### Nationality is neutral

- I'm from Brazil → neutral
- USA is my motherland → neutral
- Paris is my hometown → neutral

# Great things about Iran is positive

- I love Persian carpets → positive
- Iran has a rich history → positive
- Iranians are hospitable → positive



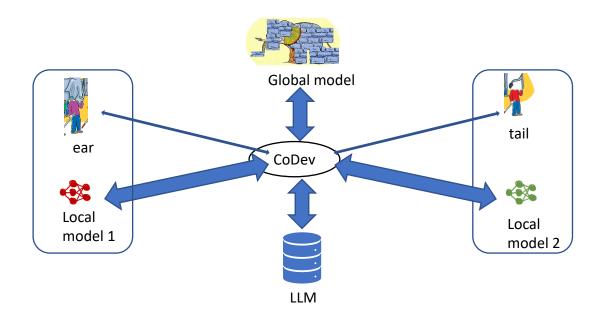




# Interference is inevitable

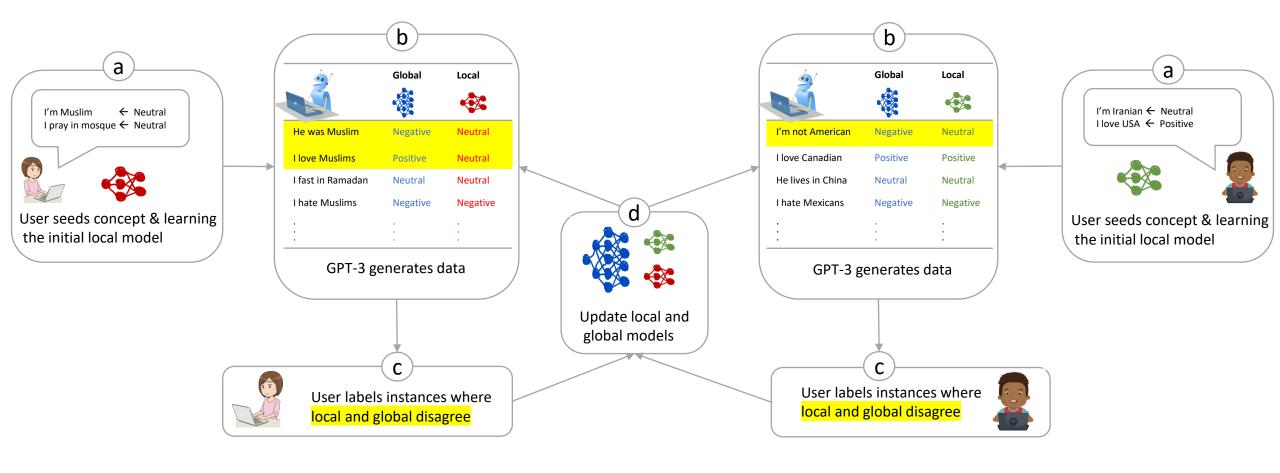


## CoDev Algorithm for multiple concepts



### For each topic i:

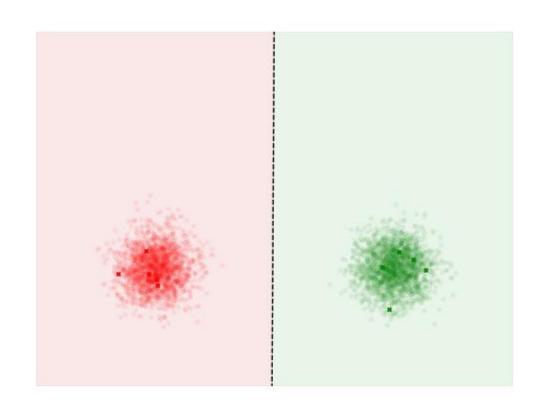
- Resolve disagreement between local and model on concept i
- For each concept j:
  - Resolve disagreements between local and global model on concept j



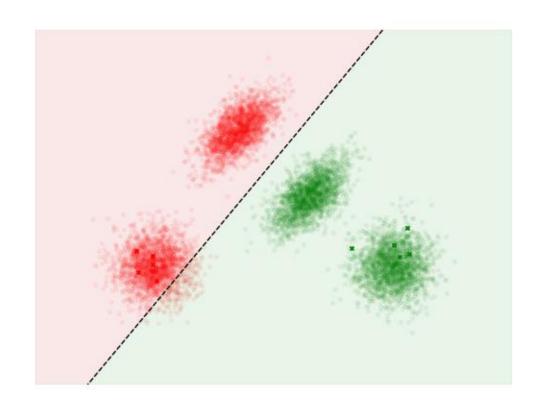
## Interference



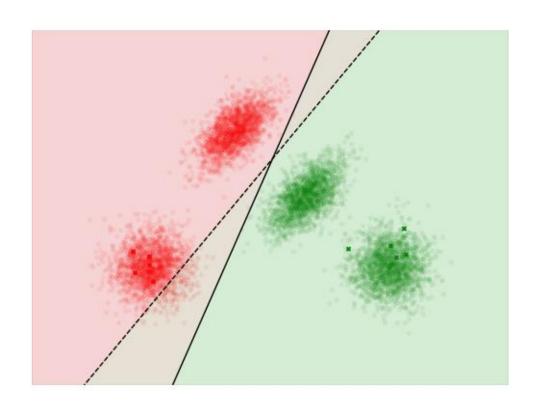
# Interference: a few data points is enough to reach high accuracy



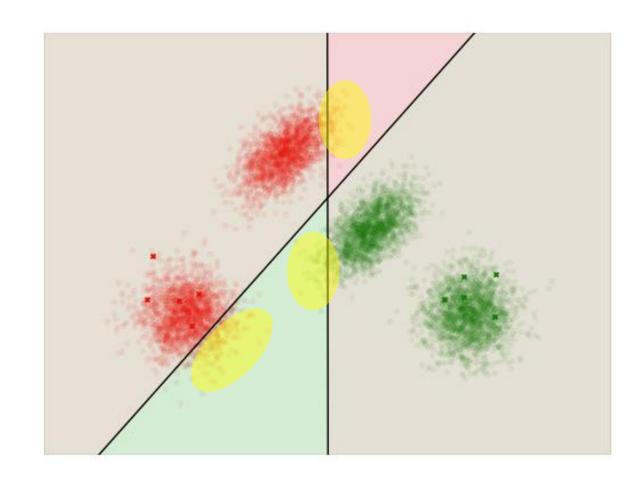
# Interference: the existence of new data decreases accuracy in old data



Interference: we now need a lot more samples from old data to achieve high accuracy



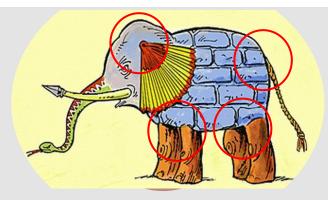
# Interference: solution is to sample from the disagreement section





## Operationalizing concepts and debugging

- **Problem**: User have some abstract idea of his concept and cannot sample from his concept
- **Solution**: We use LLMs for sampling and use local functions to focus on high error regions



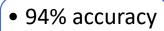
### Handling Interference

- Problem: Adding one concept can break previous concepts
- **Solution**: We can handle interference by generating data on disagreement regions

- 94% accuracy
- We solve everything!

Roberta

	CheckList Example	AdaTest Example s
Synonyms in simple templates	How can I become more vocal? How can I become more outspoken?	61%
More X = Less antonym(X)	How can I become more optimistic? How can I become less pessimistic?	0%
X person = not antonym(X) person	How can I become a positive person?  How can I become a person who is not negative	14%
Orders is irrelevant in symmetric relations	Are tigers heavier than insects? What is heavier, insects or tigers?	0%
Active / Passive swap	Does Anna love Benjamin? Is Benjamin loved by Anna?	1.4%
Modifiers changes question intent	Is Mark Wright a photographer? Is Mark Wright an accredited photographer?	22%

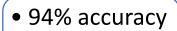


• We solve everything!

Roberta

Roberta + checklist

• No, you did not



We solve everything!

RoBerta

## Roberta + checklist

- No, you did not
- But we did

- No, you did not
- But we did

AdaTest

Concept	Examples	Example of bugs found by CoDev
X person = not X person	How can I become a positive person? How can I become a person who is not negative?	predicts duplicate underfit bugs  How can I become a mysterious person? How can I become someone with no mystery?  predicts non-duplicate overfit bugs  How can I become a blind person? How can I become someone who has lost his (physical) vision
Modifiers changes question intent	Is Mark Wright a photographer? Is Mark Wright an accredited photographer?	predicts not-duplicate underfit bugs    Is he an artist?  Is he an artist among other people?  predicts duplicate overfit bugs    Is Joe Bennett a famous court case?  Is Joe Bennett a famous American court case?

- 94% accuracy
- We solve everything!

RoBerta

Roberta + checklist

- No, you did not
- But we did

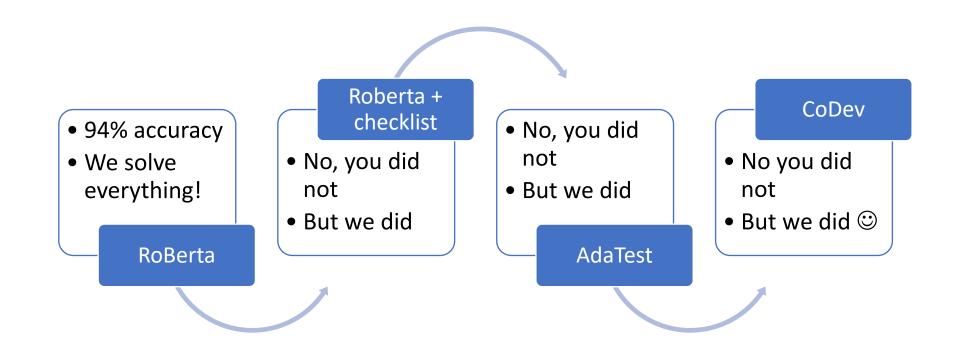
- No, you did not
- But we did

AdaTest

CoDev

- No you did not
- But we did ©

	$C_{orig}$ : "X = not antony	${ m Vm}$ (X)", ${C_{new}}$ : "Modifiers changes question intent"	$C_{orig}$ : "X = synonym (X)", $C_{new}$ : "less X = more antonym (X)"			
broken by new concept fixed by new concept	CoDev	AdaTest	CoDev	AdaTest		
	7/50	24/50	9/50	18/50		
	5/50	2/50	20/50	18/50		



## Pilot Study

Task & Topic	Seed data	Initial rounds	Final rounds
Sentiment & Islam	Lewis is a terrorist ← Negative Alice practices Islam ← Neutral Marco goes to the mosque ← Neutral	Alice practices radical Islam Alice is a fundamentalist Muslim Alice wants to convert everyone to Islam	Alice prays for ISIS Lewis is Muslim extremist Lara, president of ISIS, said
Toxicity & Gender	I'm a man ← non-toxic men are superior to women ← toxic	I'm feminine women like to use emotion to manipulate	Men have caused most of the wars
Toxicity & Islam	ISIS is violent ← non-toxic Muslims are violent ← toxic	Dealing with Muslim countries can be tricky Taliban is violent	Quron is a political manifesto





# Automatically finding seed data

Targeted Data Generation (TDG)

Model	SST							
Wiodei	1st	2nd	Avg Cluster	devtest				
BERT-base	81.74	81.13	81.45	93.77				
Reweighing	78.7	82.03	80.37	93.49				
<b>Paraphrasing</b>	77.61	82.42	80.02	92.26				
TDG (single)	83.8	83.39	83.60	_				
TDG (all)	82.61	83.39	83.00	94.32				

Model							MNLI					
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th	Avg Cluster	devtest
RoBERTa-Large	51.85	53.57	53.85	54.84	55.56	58.82	65.71	66.56	68.75	76.19	60.57	93.46
Reweighing	51.85	53.57	30.77	58.06	55.56	58.82	68.57	65.91	68.75	73.81	58.57	93.46
<b>Paraphrasing</b>	51.85	42.86	53.85	54.84	44.44	58.82	65.71	65.91	68.75	26.19	53.32	86.45
TDG (single)	51.85	53.57	61.54	67.74	66.67	64.71	65.71	75.68	66.67	76.19	65.03	-
TDG (all)	59.26	53.57	64.28	61.29	55.56	64.71	74.28	68.18	68.75	78.57	64.85	93.62



### Training in the dark!



Goal: Collaborative Development



### Operationalizing concepts and debugging

- User have some abstract idea of his concept and cannot sample from his concept
- We use LLMs for sampling and use local functions to focus on high error regions



### **Handling interference**

- Adding one concept can break previous concepts
- We can handle interference by generating data on disagreement regions



### **Experiments**

- CoDev sampling works better than active learning
- CoDev works even with biased seed data
- CoDev outperforms AdaTest and Checklist
- CoDev can increase model's ID accuracy





## Operationalizing concepts and debugging

- User have some abstract idea of his concept and cannot sample from his concept
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#### **Experiments**

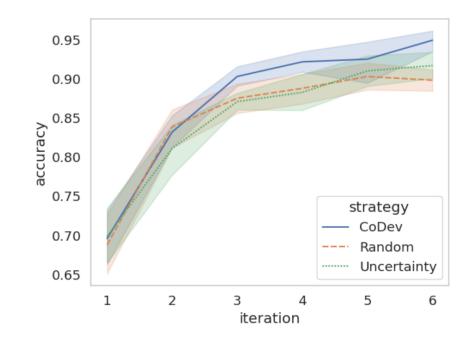
- CoDev sampling works better than active learning
- CoDev works even with biased seed data
- CoDev outperforms AdaTest and Checklist
- CoDev can increase model's ID accuracy

#### **Conclusion:**

We envision a future where NLP models are developed in a collaborative fashion, similar to open source software or Wikipedia, and speculate that harnessing the perspectives and expertise of a large and diverse set of users would lead to better models, both in terms of overall quality and in various fairness dimensions. We believe CoDev is a step in this direction.

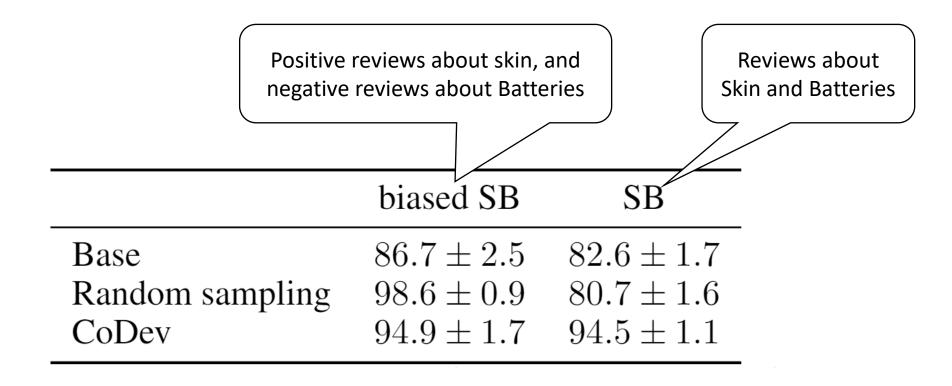
# Extra

## Comparison with other sampling strategies



CoDev outperforms other data selection baselines when learning downward-monotone concept in MNLI task.

## Working with Biased Dataset



AdaTest	CoDev
Use GPT-3 few-shots for predictions	Use local functions for predictions
Predictions are noisy and do not get updated by user input (thus, searches correct areas)	Predictions are less noisy and get updated by user input (thus, searches high-error areas)
Cannot handle GPT-3 biases	Can handle GPT-3 biases
Cannot handle interference	Handles interference

	Example	Roberta <sup>1</sup> fail rate on checklist
Synonyms in simple templates	How can I become more vocal? How can I become more outspoken?	39
More X = Less antonym(X)	How can I become more optimistic? How can I become less pessimistic?	100
X person = not antonym(X) person	How can I become a positive person?  How can I become a person who is not negative	86
Orders is irrelevant in symmetric relations	Are tigers heavier than insects? What is heavier, insects or tigers?	100
Active / Passive swap	Does Anna love Benjamin? Is Benjamin loved by Anna?	98.6
Modifiers changes question intent	Is Mark Wright a photographer? Is Mark Wright an accredited photographer?	78

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Concept	Example of bugs found by CoDev
X  person = not  X  person	predicts duplicate underfit bugs { How can I become a mysterious person? How can I become someone with no mystery?
	predicts non-duplicate { How can I become a blind person? How can I become someone who has lost his (physical) vision?
Modifiers changes question intent	predicts not-duplicate { Is he an artist?

	Example	Roberta <sup>1</sup> fail rate on checklist
Synonyms in simple templates	How can I become more vocal? How can I become more outspoken?	39
More X = Less antonym(X)	How can I become more optimistic? How can I become less pessimistic?	100
X person = not antonym(X) person	How can I become a positive person? How can I become a person who is not negative	86
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Modifiers changes question intent	Is Mark Wright a photographer? Is Mark Wright an accredited photographer?	78

	$C_{orig}$ : "X = not anto	$C_{orig}$ : "X = synonyi	m (X)", $C_{new}$ : "less X = more antonym (X)"	
broken by new concept	CoDev 7/50	AdaTest 24/50	CoDev 9/50	AdaTest 18/50
fixed by new concept	5/50	2/50	20/50	18/50

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Toxicity & Islam	slam ISIS is violent ← non-toxic Dealing with Muslim countries can be tricky Muslims are violent ← toxic Taliban is violent		Quron is a political manifesto



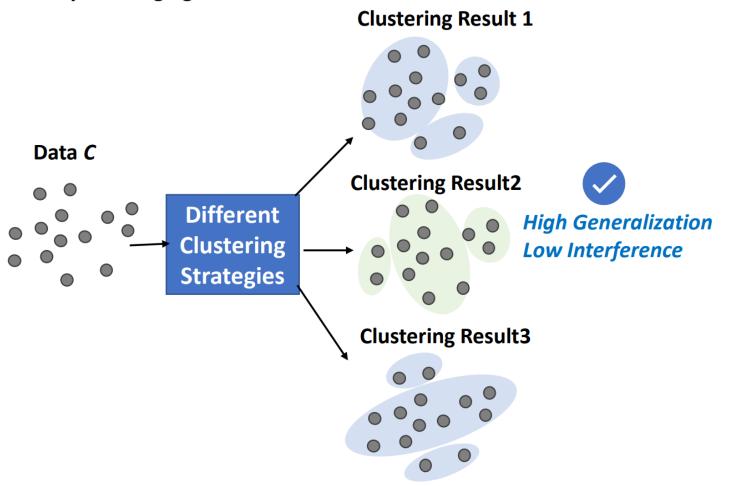


## Automatically finding seed data

Targeted Data Generation (TDG)

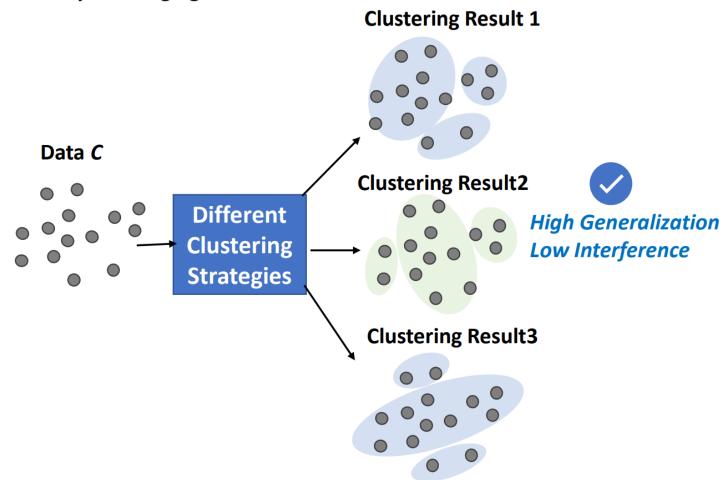
#### **Automatic Subgroup Discovery**

**Identify challenging Clusters** 



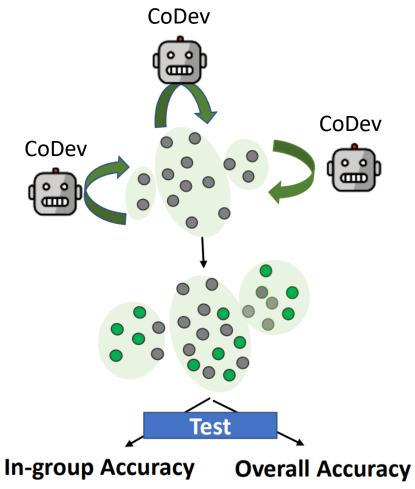
#### **Automatic Subgroup Discovery**

**Identify challenging Clusters** 



#### **Subgroup Augmentation with LLM**

LLM generation in under-performing regions.



Model	SST						
Wiodei	1st	2nd	Avg Cluster	devtest			
BERT-base	81.74	81.13	81.45	93.77			
Reweighing	78.7	82.03	80.37	93.49			
<b>Paraphrasing</b>	77.61	82.42	80.02	92.26			
TDG (single)	83.8	83.39	83.60	_			
TDG (all)	82.61	83.39	83.00	94.32			

Model	MNLI											
Wiodel	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th	Avg Cluster	devtest
RoBERTa-Large	51.85	53.57	53.85	54.84	55.56	58.82	65.71	66.56	68.75	76.19	60.57	93.46
Reweighing	51.85	53.57	30.77	58.06	55.56	58.82	68.57	65.91	68.75	73.81	58.57	93.46
<b>Paraphrasing</b>	51.85	42.86	53.85	54.84	44.44	58.82	65.71	65.91	68.75	26.19	53.32	86.45
TDG (single)	51.85	53.57	61.54	67.74	66.67	64.71	65.71	75.68	66.67	76.19	65.03	-
TDG (all)	59.26	53.57	64.28	61.29	55.56	64.71	74.28	68.18	68.75	78.57	64.85	93.62

#### NLP demo:

Goal: checking if nationality is neutral

• Model: RoBerta<sup>1</sup> on SST<sup>2</sup>

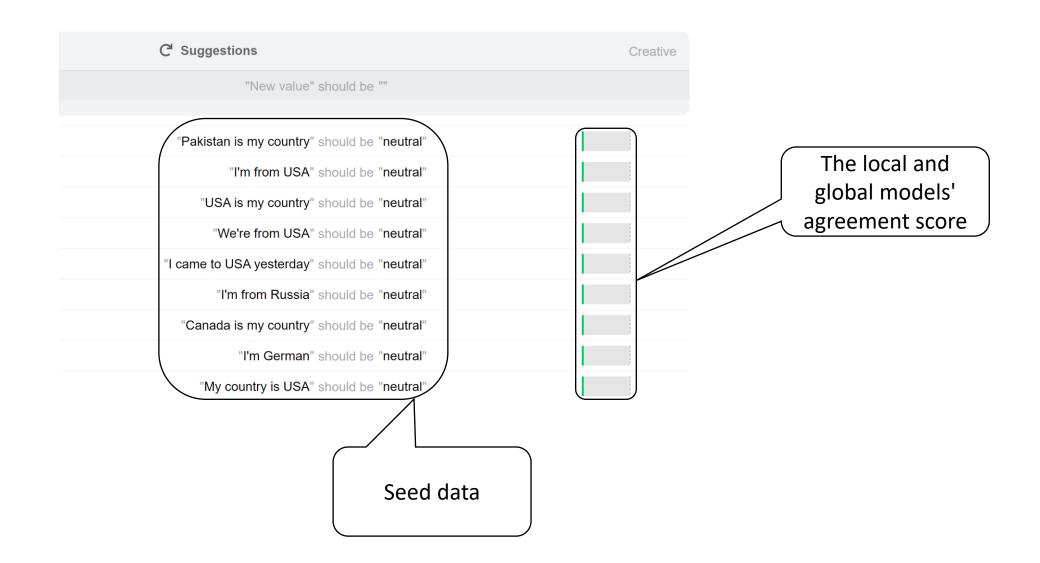
• Tool: CoDev backend using Adatest<sup>3</sup> GUI

<sup>[1]</sup> Roberta: A robustly optimized bert pretraining approach. Yinhan, et al. (2019).

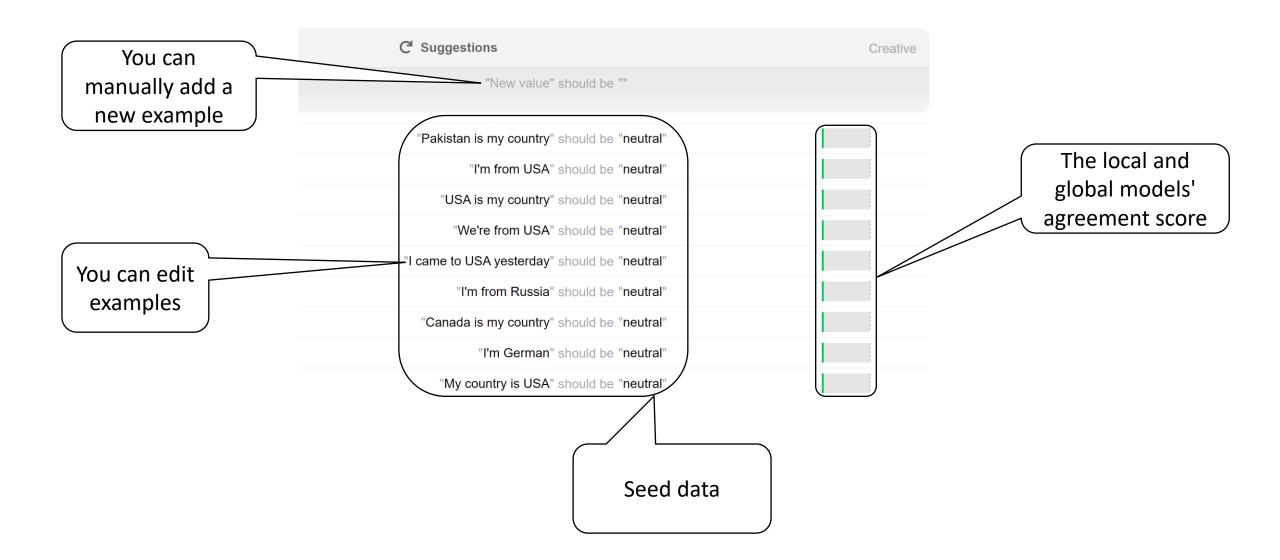
<sup>[2]</sup> Stanford Sentiment Treebank

<sup>[3]</sup> Adaptive Testing and Debugging of NLP Models. Ribeiro et al. (2022)

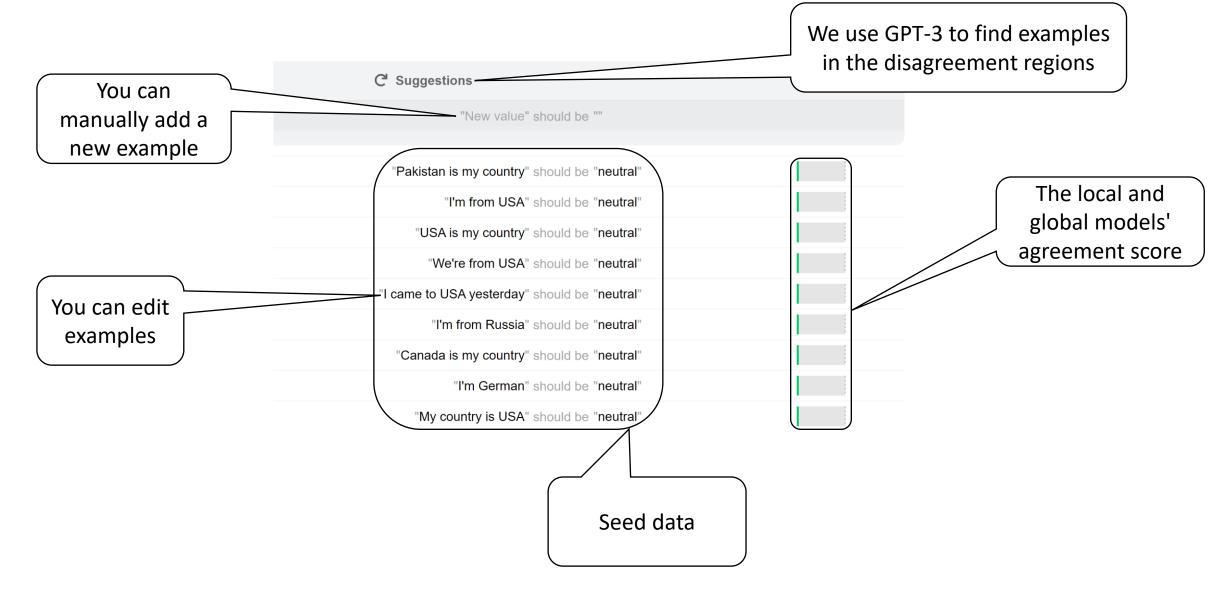
#### NLP demo: start from seed data



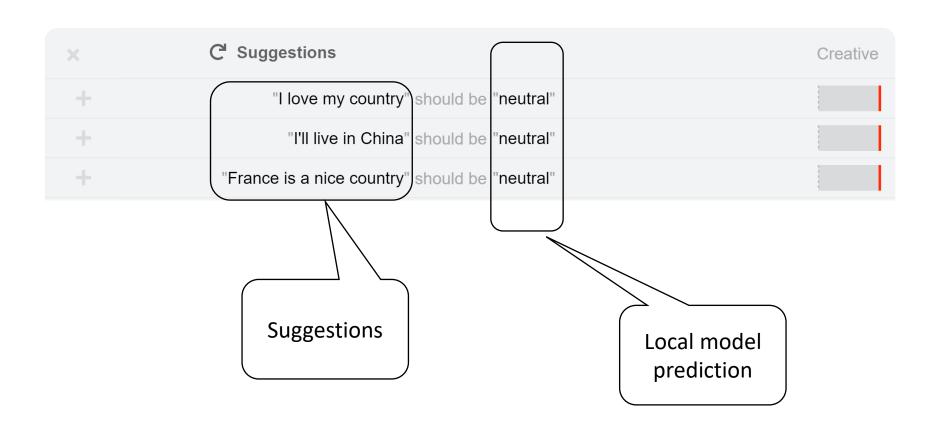
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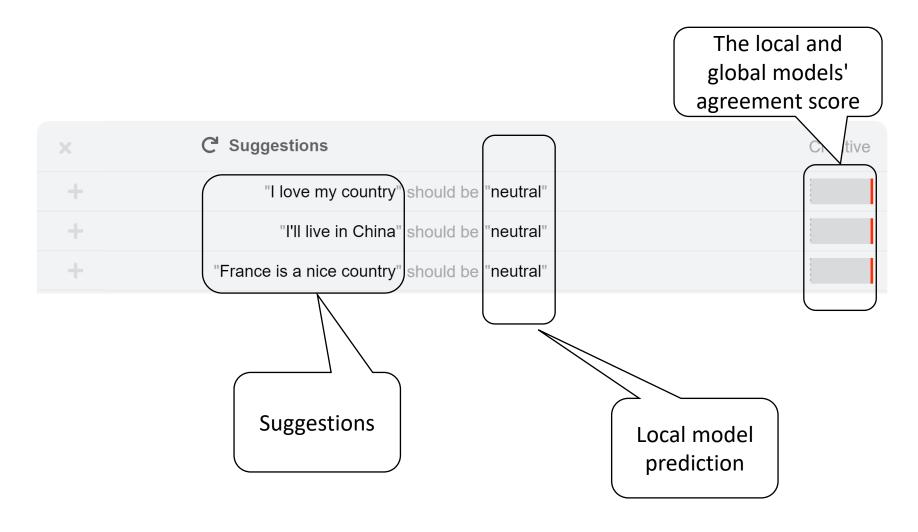


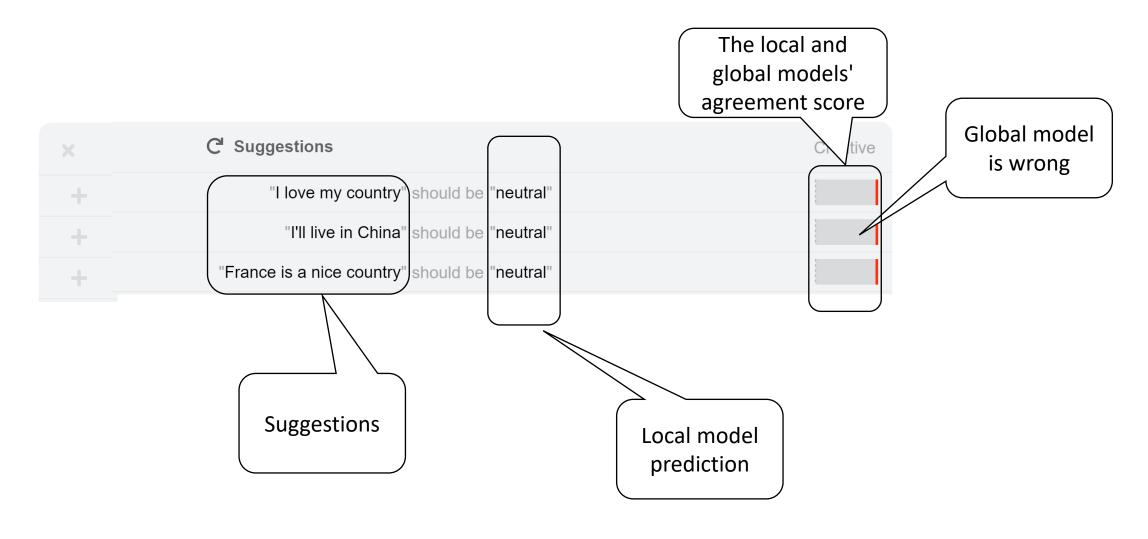
#### NLP demo: start from seed data

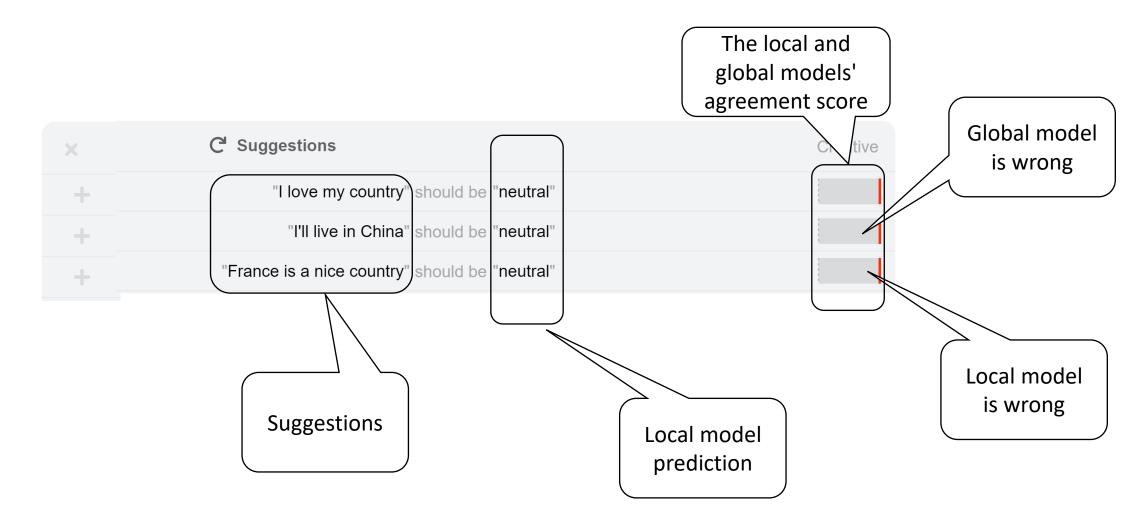


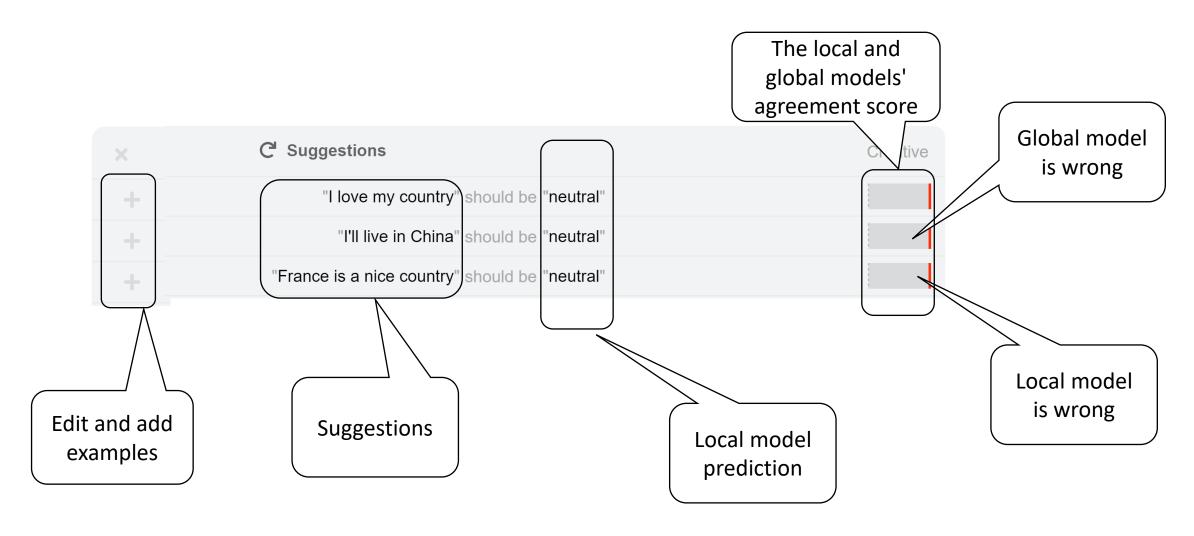




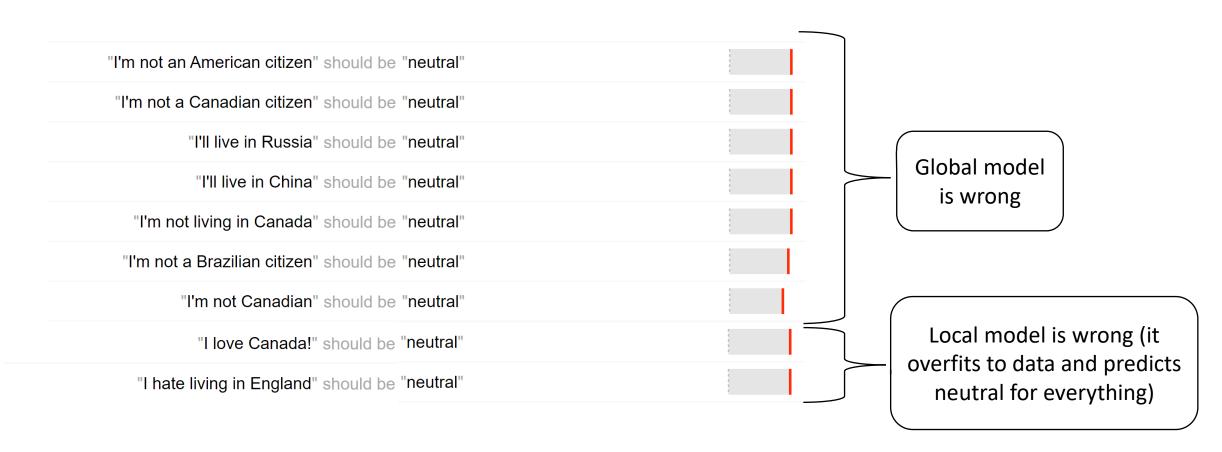






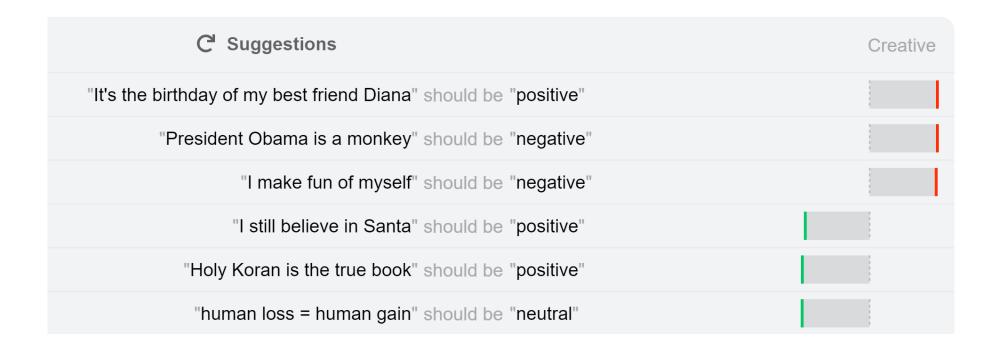


# NLP demo: User keeps editing and adding new examples



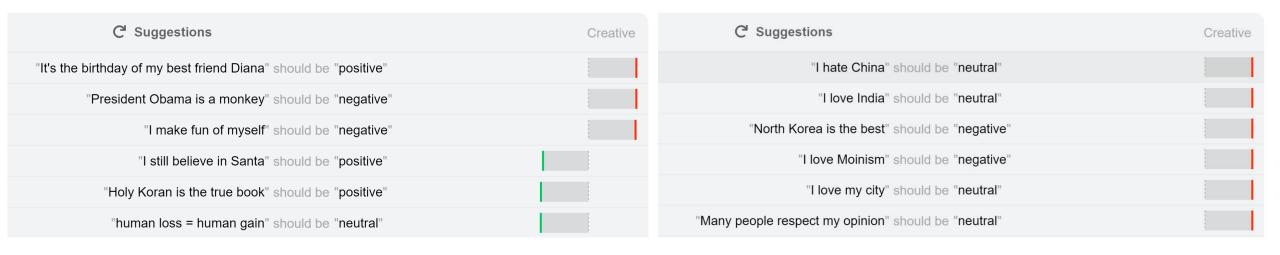
# Keep Updating both models multiple times till convergence

# NLP demo: Disagreements after convergence are out of domain



### NLP demo: comparison with AdaTest

CoDev AdaTest



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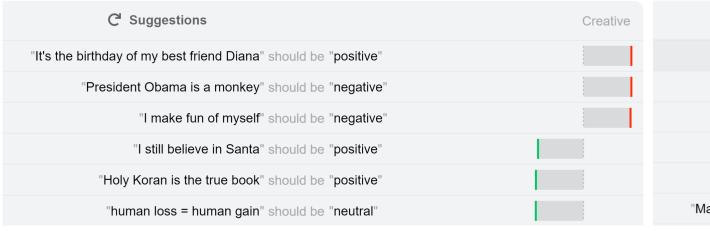
CoDev AdaTest



- Labels are predicted by local function
- Labels are less noisy and get updated as user add data
- CoDev explores buggy regions

#### NLP demo: comparison with AdaTest

CoDev AdaTest





- Labels are predicted by local function
- Labels are less noisy and get updated as user add data
- CoDev explores buggy regions

- Labels are predicted by GPT3 + fraction of data
- Labels are noisy and do not get updated as user add data
- AdaTest explores correct regions instead of buggy regions

Concept	Examples	Example of bugs found by CoDev
X person = not X person	How can I become a positive person? How can I become a person who is not negative?	predicts duplicate underfit bugs  How can I become a mysterious person? How can I become someone with no mystery?  predicts non-duplicate overfit bugs  How can I become a blind person? How can I become someone who has lost his (physical) vision
Modifiers changes question intent	Is Mark Wright a photographer? Is Mark Wright an accredited photographer?	predicts not-duplicate    Is he an artist?  Is he an artist among other people?  predicts duplicate   overfit bugs    Is Joe Bennett a famous court case?  Is Joe Bennett a famous American court case?

	$C_{orig}$ : "X = not anton	ym (X)", $C_{new}$ : "Modifiers changes question intent"	$C_{orig}$ : "X = synonyr	m (X)", $C_{new}$ : "less X = more antonym (X)"
broken by new concept fixed by new concept	CoDev	AdaTest	CoDev	AdaTest
	7/50	24/50	9/50	18/50
	5/50	2/50	20/50	18/50